In Chapter 6 Isaiah sees the LORD in sitting on His Throne. He’s sitting on the throne because He is King of all Creation!}

Above His throne are standing. [They are a type of Angel!]

Each one has wings. With 2 he covers his face, and with 2 he covers his feet, and with 2 he flies. & they say Kădōsh! Kădōsh! Kădōsh! (Holy! holy! holy!)

is YAHVEH (LORD) Tzā vă ŏt Hosts (means ‘armies’ or ‘legions’)

The whole earth is full of His glory!
Ok, let’s start with Kaf/Chaf $k&$

When it’s got a dot in the middle it’s Kaf $k&$ & makes a ‘K’ sound

& when the middle is empty it’s called Chaf $k&$ & makes a ch sound similar to Het $x$.

It’s a picture of ‘a wing’, or ‘an arm’, or ‘an open hand’.
It means ‘to cover’, or ‘to allow’, & it also means ‘strength’.

When it’s at the end of a word, it stands up $x$

S samech is a picture of a round prop. It means to support or turn. It used to be drawn as

a fish or the skeleton of a fish (Maybe they got tired of drawing all those bones!) It makes the sound of ‘s’.

and you have to be careful because it’s real easy to get it mixed up with mem $m$.

Remember:

mem $m$ has corners & samech $s$ doesn’t! Have you ever seen a square fish?)

$p@$ & is called Fā if it doesn’t have a dot & makes an ‘f’ sound.

If it has a dot $p@$, it’s called Pā $p@$ & it makes the sound of a ‘p’.

It also stands up at the end of a word.
It’s a stick picture of a mouth! It means ‘speak’ or ‘open’ or ‘word’.
And then there is **Gimel**...Some people say that **Gimel** is a camel & other say that it is an ancient picture of a throwing stick like a boomerang. **Gimel**? Well, a gemal is how Camel is said in Hebrew. Maybe the ancient stick pictures were the humps of camels instead of throwing sticks. I don’t know...

You have to be real careful not to get this one confused with nun **n**.

**Gimel** has 2 legs. Nun doesn’t.

**Gimel** makes the sound of ‘g’

My favorite word that starts with gimel is El Gibbor **rBoGI lae** which means Yeshua is a Mighty Warrior! Isaiah 9:5 says He’s the **Mighty God!**

Now let’s go back to our word **yMDal** Did you guess that this word is **Elohim (God)**?

When ever a Hebrew word ends in mem ~ it means that the word is ‘plural’ Plural means ‘more than one’. This word Elohim is a singular plural word. It means that God is one person but God consists of God the Father, God the Son, & God the Holy Spirit, which are 3 different persons. All 3 were involved in creating the Heavens and the Earth.

Here’s another word **rMīēēm** waters and **Mīēēm 2-waters**.

If it has a ‘dash’ under the 3rd letter from the end, it means that the plural amount is the value of 2.

If it doesn’t have a dash, the plural value can be any amount.
~yIm'v' shămîyîm   Heavens['lofty-waters']

and   ~yIm;V' h; hă shămîyîm  the 2-heavens

~york knâfiyîm 2-wings

References: Hebrew Letter charts from www.hebrewresources.org
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New King James Version Bible
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Word by Word www.jewishsoftware.com
JPS Hebrew-English TANAKH Jewish Publication Society
Strong’s Exhaustive Concordance of The Bible 20th printing 1951
The Analytical Hebrew & Chaldee Lexicon by B. Davidson.

This is an ongoing project. If you have any suggestions, or illustrations, or pictures, please let me know. If I think they would help improve this material, I’ll add them to the copy of this material on-line at www.w-rocs.org Women’s Resources On Creation Science.

The following page is a ‘cover’ page, & then a ‘back cove page’ to put on the outside of a 3-ring binder, or some other kind of binder, if you decide to make a ‘hard copy’ of this material. If you do, a ‘Hebrew book’ opens the opposite direction than the way a book written in English does. I made my hard copies opening up as the way Hebrew books do, just to make things ‘more interesting’!
A VERY OLD TREASURE